#### DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

# RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725)

### Current Human Exposures Under Control

Facility Name:	former RAMP Industries	·	
Facility Address:	1038 and 1127 W. 46th Avenue, Denver, CO 80211		
Facility EPA ID #:	COD 98 071 8985		
groundwater, s	ole relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releasurface water/sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., fruits (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been ination?	om Solid Waste	
<u> </u>	If yes - check here and continue with #2 below.		
	If no - re-evaluate existing data, or		
	if data are not available skip to #6 and enter"IN" (more information need	led) status code.	
BACKGROUND	보이는 사람들이 보는 사람들이 되었다. 나는 사람들이 되었다. 그렇게 되었다.		

# Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

#### Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" El determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

#### Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

#### **Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations**

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

2. Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air media known or reasonably suspected to be "contaminated" above appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action (from SWMUs, RUs or AOCs)?

	<u>Yes</u>	No	2	Rationale / Key Contaminants				
Groundwater		X						
Air (indoors) <sup>2</sup>		X	10 mg 10 10 mg 10					
Surface Soil (e.g., <2 ft)		X	, e. Sm	en e				
Surface Water		X		en e				
Sediment		x						
Subsurf. Soil (e.g., >2 ft)		X	in the second	en der grand in die geben die				
Air (outdoors)		x	Au					

If no (for all media) - skip to #6, and enter "YE," status code after providing or citing appropriate "levels," and referencing sufficient supporting documentation demonstrating that these "levels" are not exceeded.
 If yes (for any media) - continue after identifying key contaminants in each

"contaminated" medium, citing appropriate "levels" (or provide an explanation for the determination that the medium could pose an unacceptable risk), and referencing supporting documentation.

\_\_\_\_ If unknown (for any media) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code.

Rationale and Reference(s):Contaminated soils and media were removed from the property in 1998 and 1999 as a result of an EPA emergency removal action (EPA status reports, 1998 through 1999). Ground water was sampled in both 1998 and 1999 both upgradient and downgradient of the site and found to be uncontaminated (August 31, 1999 memo from Bob Bianchi to Russell Leclerc).

#### Footnotes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

3. Are there complete pathways between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

# Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table

# Potential <u>Human Receptors</u> (Under Current Conditions)

"Contaminated	l" Media	Residents	Workers	Day-Care	Constructio	n Trespassers	Recreation	Food <sup>3</sup>
Groundwater	M2	, <del></del>		/1		t <sub>e</sub> .		
Air (indoors)					erge ji Kang	kara a sana		
Soil (surface, e.	g., <2 ft)					<b>∜</b> 44 <u>—</u>	·	
Surface Water Sediment				100 mg/s 100 mg/s 100 mg/s				· ·
Soil (subsurface Air (outdoors)	e e.g., >2 ft)							
Instructio	ns for <u>Sumn</u>	nary Exposur	e Pathway	Evaluation '	Table:			
		t specific Me ed" as identif			Receptors' sp	aces for Media	which are not	
Note: In o Media - I combinat	Receptor con order to focu Human Rece	mbination (Pa s the evaluate ptor combina	athway). ion to the rations (Path	nost probab ways) do ne	le combination that the check	ons some poter	ated" Media — ntial "Contamir"). While these settings and sho	nated"
	skij in-j eac	p to #6, and e	enter "YE" er natural or ted medium	status code, man-made	after explair preventing	ning and/or ref a complete exp	eptor combinati erencing condit posure pathway n Work Sheet to	tion(s) from
•	If y	ves (pathway: nbination) - (	s are compl continue af	lete for any ter providin	"Contaminat g supporting	ed" Media - H explanation.	uman Receptor	•
		ınknown (for i enter "IN" :			Media - Hum	an Receptor c	ombination) - s	kip to #6
Rationale and Ref	ference(s):							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

4.	Can the exposures from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be— "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: 1) greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the acceptable "levels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (perhaps even though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable "levels") could result in greater than acceptable risks)?							
	If no (exposures can not be reasonably expected to be significant (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."							
	If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - continue after providing a description (of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."							
Paradoja Vitorak	If unknown (for any complete pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code ationale and Reference(s):							

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<sup>4</sup> If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>	If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue and enter "YE" after summarizing <u>and</u> referencing documentation justifying why all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site-specific Human Health Risk Assessment).
er.		If no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable"
<i>I</i>		continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially
		continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.

6.	Check the appropriate (CA725), and obbelow (and attack	tain Supervis	or (or approp	riate Manager	) signature and	date on the EI	determinatio	
	<b>X</b>	review of the Exposures"	e information are expected t	contained in to be "Under (	this EI Determi Control" at the	" has been veri nation, "Currer former RAMP	nt Human <u>Industries</u> fa	cility
		under currer	nt and reasona	bly expected	conditions, Thi	W. 46th Avenus s determination gnificant chang	will be re-	
		NO - "Cur	rent Human E	xposures" are	NOT "Under (	Control."	e dais e	
1 fr	Karana Marana Marana Marana Marana Maran	IN - More	information i	s needed to n	nake a determin	nation.		
	Completed by	(signature)	Camb!	il de		Date 10 Se	pt 1999	
		(print) (title)	Caren Joha Geologist/I					
	Supervisor	(signature)	Wd	a		Date Se	e <u>l. 13</u> ,19	,99
		(print)	Walter Avr	amenko				
		(title)	Unit Leade	r, HWCA Uni	it	The state of the s	Same of the second	
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	Contact telephor	e and e-mail	numbers					
	(name	) Reco	rds Center, at	n: Diana Hub	er			
,	(phone		692-3331					
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FINAL NOTE: THE HUMAN EXPOSURES EI IS A QUALITATIVE SCREENING OF EXPOSURES AND THE DETERMINATIONS WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD NOT BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR RESTRICTING THE SCOPE OF MORE DETAILED (E.G., SITE-SPECIFIC) ASSESSMENTS OF RISK.